

**3.1** To obtain  $\gamma$  as a function of  $\hat{\alpha}$  take logarithm on both sides of the equation immediately following equation (3.14)

$$\begin{aligned}
 (1 + \hat{\alpha}X_d) &= \left( -\frac{p_u X_u}{p_d X_d} \right)^{-1/\gamma} (1 + \hat{\alpha}X_u) \\
 \ln(1 + \hat{\alpha}X_d) &= -\frac{1}{\gamma} \ln \left( -\frac{p_u X_u}{p_d X_d} \right) + \ln(1 + \hat{\alpha}X_u) \\
 \gamma &= \frac{\ln \left( -\frac{p_u X_u}{p_d X_d} \right)}{\ln(1 + \hat{\alpha}X_u) - \ln(1 + \hat{\alpha}X_d)} \\
 &= \frac{\ln \frac{0.18}{0.12}}{\ln(1 + \frac{0.3}{1.22} 0.18) - \ln(1 - \frac{0.3}{1.22} 0.12)} \\
 &= 5.534.
 \end{aligned}$$